UNITED STATES OF AMERICA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

I d Nave C)	
In the Matter of)	Case No. <u>05-21</u>
BNP PARIBAS (NEW YORK BRANCH))	
)	

ORDER

The Office of Antiboycott Compliance, Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS"), having determined to initiate an administrative proceeding pursuant to Section 11(c) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. §§ 2401-2420 (2000)) (the "Act")¹ and the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 C.F.R Parts 730-774 (2005))(the "Regulations"), against BNP Paribas (New York Branch) ("the Bank"), a branch of a foreign concern doing business in the State of New York, based on allegations set forth in the Proposed Charging Letter, dated 29 September 2005, that alleged that the Bank committed six violations of the Regulations;

From August 21, 1994 through November 12, 2000, the Act was in lapse. During that period, the President, through Executive Order 12924, which had been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the last of which was August 3, 2000 (3 C.F.R., 2000 Comp. 397 (2001)), continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)) ("IEEPA"). On November 13, 2000, the Act was reauthorized by Pub. L. No. 106-508 (114 Stat. 2360 (2000)) and remained in effect through August 20, 2001. Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of August 2, 2005 (70 Fed. Reg. 45273 (August 5, 2005)), continues the Regulations in effect under IEEPA.

Specifically, the charges are:

Relationships with Boycotted Countries or Blacklisted Persons:

During the period 2001 through 2002, the Bank engaged in transactions involving the sale and/or transfer of goods or services (including information) from the United States to Dubai and Bahrain, activities in the interstate or foreign commerce of the United States, as defined in Section 760.1(d) of the Regulations. In connection with these activities, the Bank, on three occasions, with intent to comply with, further or support an unsanctioned foreign boycott, furnished information concerning another

person's business relationships with another person who is known or believed to be

restricted from having any business relationship with or in a boycotting country, an

activity prohibited by Section 760.2(d) of the Regulations, and not excepted.

1. Three Violations of 15 C.F.R. §760.2(d) - Furnishing Information about Business

2. Three Violations of 15 C.F.R. §760.5 - Failing to Report the Receipt of a Request to Engage in a Restrictive Trade Practice or Foreign Boycott Against a Country Friendly to the United States:

During the period 2001 through 2002, the Bank engaged in transactions involving the sale and/or transfer of goods or services (including information) from the United States to Dubai and Bahrain, activities in the interstate or foreign commerce of the United States, as defined in Section 760.1(d) of the Regulations.

In connection with these activities, the Bank on three occasions, received a request to take an action which would have the effect of furthering or supporting a restrictive trade practice or unsanctioned foreign boycott. The Bank failed to report its receipts of these requests to the Department of Commerce, as directed by Section 760.5 of the Regulations.

BIS and the Bank having entered into a Settlement Agreement pursuant to Section 766.18(a) of the Regulations whereby the parties have agreed to settle this matter in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth therein and the terms of the Settlement Agreement having been approved by me;

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

FIRST, a civil penalty of \$ 13,500 is assessed against the Bank and shall be paid to the U.S. Department of Commerce within 30 days from the date of entry of this Order. Payment of these sums shall be made in the manner specified in the attached instructions.

SECOND, pursuant to the Debt Collections Act of 1982, as amended (31 U.S.C. §§ 3701-3720E (1983 and Supp. 2001)), the civil penalty owed under this Order accrues interest as more fully described in the attached Notice, and, if payment is not made by the due dates specified herein, the Bank will be assessed, in addition to the full amount of the penalty and interest, a penalty charge and an administrative charge, as more fully described in the attached Notice.

,

THIRD, as authorized by Section 11(d) of the Act, the timely payment of the sum of \$ 13,500 is hereby made a condition to the granting, restoration or continuing validity of any export license, permission. or privilege granted, or to be granted, to the Bank. Accordingly, if the Bank should fail to pay the civil penalty in a timely manner, the undersigned may enter an Order under the authority of Section 11(d) of the Act denying all of the Bank's export privileges for a period of one year from the date of the entry of this Order.

FOURTH, the Proposed Charging Letter, the Settlement Agreement and this

Order shall be made available to the public, and a copy of this Order shall be served

upon the Bank.

This Order, which constitutes the final agency action in this matter, is effective immediately.

Darryl W Jackson

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for

Export Enforcement

Entered this 28th day of April , 2006

Attachments

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PAYMENT OF SETTLEMENT AMOUNT

1. The check should be made payable to:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

2. The check should be mailed to:

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Industry and Security **Room 6881** 14th & Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20230

Attention: Sharon Gardner

NOTICE

The Order to which this Notice is attached describes the reasons for the assessment of the civil monetary penalty. It also specifies the amount owed and the date by which payment of the civil penalty is due and payable.

Under the Debt Collection Act of 1982, as amended (31 U.S.C. §§ 3701-3720E (1983 and Supp. 2001)) and the Federal Claims Collection Standards (65 Fed. Reg. 70390-70406, November 22, 2000, to be codified at 31 C.F.R. Parts 900-904), interest accrues on any and all civil monetary penalties owed and unpaid under the Order, from the date of the Order until paid in full. The rate of interest assessed respondent is the rate of the current value of funds to the U.S. Treasury on the date that the Order was entered. However, interest is waived on any portion paid within 30 days of the date of the Order. See 31 U.S.C. §3717 and 31 C.F.R. §901.9.

The civil monetary penalty will be delinquent if not paid by the due date specified in the Order. If the penalty becomes delinquent, interest will continue to accrue on the balance remaining due and unpaid, and respondent will also be assessed both an administrative charge to cover the cost of processing and handling the delinquent claim and a penalty charge of six percent per year. However, although the penalty charge will be computed from the date that the civil penalty becomes delinquent, it will be assessed only on sums due and unpaid for over 90 days after that date. See 31 U.S.C. §3717 and 4 C.F.R. §901.9.

The foregoing constitutes the initial written notice and demand to respondent in accordance with Section 901.2 of the Federal Claims Collection Standards (31 C.F.R. §901.2(b)).

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

In the Matter of))	Case No. 05-21
BNP PARIBAS (NEW YORK BRANCH))	Cuse 110. <u>03. 21</u>
	<i>)</i>)	

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This agreement is made by and between BNP Paribas (New York Branch) ("Bank"), a branch of a foreign concern doing business in the State of New York, and the Office of Antiboycott Compliance, Bureau of Industry and Security, United States Department of Commerce ("BIS"), pursuant to Section 766.18(a) of the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2005)) (the "Regulations"), issued pursuant to the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. §§ 2401-2420 (2000)) (the "Act").

From August 21, 1994 through November 12, 2000, the Act was in lapse. During that period, the President, through Executive Order 12924, which had been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the last of which was August 3, 2000 (3 C.F.R., 2000 Comp. 397 (2001)), continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)) ("IEEPA"). On November 13, 2000, the Act was reauthorized by Pub. L. No. 106-508 (114 Stat. 2360 (2000)) and remained in effect through August 20, 2001. Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of August 2, 2005 (70 Fed. Reg. 45273 (August 5, 2005)), continues the Regulations in effect under IEEPA.

WHEREAS, BIS has notified the Bank of its intention to initiate an administrative proceeding against the Bank, pursuant to Section 11(c) of the Act by issuing the Proposed Charging Letter dated 29 September 2005, a copy of which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference; and

WHEREAS, the Bank has reviewed the Proposed Charging Letter and is aware of the allegations against it and the administrative sanctions which could be imposed against it if the allegations are found to be true; the Bank fully understands the terms of this Settlement Agreement, and enters into this Settlement Agreement voluntarily and with full knowledge of its rights; and the Bank states that no promises or representations have been made to it other than the agreements and considerations herein expressed; and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, the Bank neither admits nor denies the truth of the allegations, but wishes to settle and dispose of the allegations made in the Proposed Charging Letter by entering into this Settlement Agreement; and

<u>WHEREAS</u>, the Bank agrees to be bound by the appropriate Order ("Order") when entered;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Bank and BIS agree as follows:

1. Under the Act and the Regulations, BIS has jurisdiction over the Bank with respect to the matters alleged in the Proposed Charging Letter.

- 2. BIS will impose a civil penalty in the amount of \$ 13,500. The Bank will pay to the U.S. Department of Commerce, within 30 days of receipt of service of the Order, and in accordance with the terms of the Order, when entered, the amount of \$ 13,500 in complete settlement of all matters set forth in the Proposed Charging Letter.
- 3. As authorized by Section 11(d) of the Act, timely payment of the amount agreed to in paragraph 2 is hereby made a condition of the granting, restoration, or continuing validity of any export license, permission, or privilege granted, or to be granted, to the Bank. Failure to make payment of this amount shall result in the denial of all of the Bank's export privileges for a period of one year from the date of entry of the Order.
- 4. Subject to the approval of this Settlement Agreement, pursuant to paragraph 9 hereof, the Bank hereby waives all rights to further procedural steps in this matter (except with respect to any alleged violation of this Settlement Agreement or the Order, when entered) including, without limitation, any right to:
 - A. An administrative hearing regarding the allegations in the Proposed Charging Letter:

- B. Request a refund of the funds paid by the Bank pursuant to this Settlement Agreement and the Order, when entered; or
- C. Seek judicial review or otherwise contest the validity of this Settlement Agreement or the Order, when entered.
- 5. BIS, upon entry of the Order, will not initiate any administrative or judicial proceeding, or make a referral to the Department of Justice for criminal proceedings against the Bank with respect to any violation of Section 8 of the Act or Part 760 of the Regulations arising out of the transactions set forth in the Proposed Charging Letter or any other transaction that was disclosed to or reviewed by BIS in the course of its investigation.
- 6. The Bank understands that BIS will disclose publicly the Proposed Charging
 Letter, this Settlement Agreement, and the Order, when entered.
- 7. This Settlement Agreement is for settlement purposes only, and does not constitute an admission by the Bank that it has violated the Act or the Regulations, or an admission of the truth of any allegation contained in the Proposed Charging Letter or referred to in this Settlement Agreement. Therefore, if this Settlement Agreement is not accepted and the Order not entered by the Assistant Secretary for Export Enforcement, BIS may not use this Settlement Agreement against the Bank in any administrative or judicial proceeding.

8. No agreement, understanding, representation or interpretation not contained in this Settlement Agreement may be used to vary or otherwise affect the terms of this Settlement Agreement or the Order, when entered, nor shall this Settlement Agreement bind, constrain or otherwise limit any action by any other agency or department of the United States Government with respect to the facts and circumstances herein addressed. This paragraph shall not limit the Bank's right to challenge any action brought by any other agency based on a referral by BIS or any employee thereof, in contravention of paragraph 5 of this Settlement Agreement.

9. This Settlement Agreement will become binding on BIS only when approved by the Assistant Secretary for Export Enforcement by entering the Order.

BNP PARISAS (NEW YORK BRANCH)

DATE: 4/, 406

DATE: 4/25/06

Patricia J. Herbert Managing Director

Anthony M. Reardon Vice President

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Edward O. Weant III

Acting Director

Office of Antiboycott Compliance

Attachment

PROPOSED CHARGING LETTER

29 September 2005

BNP Paribas New York Branch 919 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022

Attention : Anthony M Reardon, Vice President

Case No. <u>05-21</u>

Gentlemen/Ladies:

We, the Bureau of Industry and Security, United States Department of Commerce ("BIS"), have reason to believe that you, BNP Paribas (New York Branch), on six occasions, have violated the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2005)) (the "Regulations"), which are issued under the authority of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. §§ 2401-2420 (2000)) (the "Act").

From August 21, 1994 through November 12, 2000, the Act was in lapse. During that period, the President, through Executive Order 12924, which had been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the last of which was August 3, 2000 (3 C.F.R., 2000 Comp. 397 (2001)), continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)) ("IEEPA"). On November 13, 2000, the Act was reauthorized by Pub. L. No. 106-508 (114 Stat. 2360 (2000)) and remained in effect through August 20, 2001. Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of August 2, 2005 (70 Fed. Reg. 45273 (August 5, 2005)), continues the Regulations in effect under IEEPA.



The alleged violations occurred during the years 2001 and 2002. The Regulations governing the violations at issue are found in the 2001 and 2002 respective versions of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2001 and 2002)). The prior years' Regulations are substantially the same as the 2005 version of the Regulations which govern the procedural aspects of this matter.

We charge that you committed three violations of Section 760.2(d) of the Regulations, in that, on three occasions, with intent to comply with, further or support an unsanctioned foreign boycott, you furnished information about another person's business relationships with another person who is known or believed to be restricted from having any business relationships with or in a boycotting country.

We also charge that you committed three violations of Section 760.5 in that, on three occasions, you failed to report to the Department of Commerce ("Department") your receipts of a request to engage in a restrictive trade practice or boycott, as required by the Regulations.

We allege that:

You are a branch of a foreign concern doing business in the State of New York. As such, you are a United States person as defined in Section 760.1(b) of the Regulations.

During the period 2001 through 2002, you engaged in transactions involving the sale and/or transfer of goods or services (including information) from the United States to Dubai and Bahrain, activities in the interstate or foreign commerce of the United States, as defined in Section 760.1(d) of the Regulations.

Charges 1 - 3 (15 C.F.R. § 760.2(d) - Furnishing Information about Business Relationships with Boycotted Countries or Blacklisted Persons)

In connection with the activities referred to above, on three occasions, you furnished information as described in Table A, which is attached and incorporated herein by this reference, concerning another person's business relationships with another person who is known or believed to be restricted from having any business relationship with or in a boycotting country. Providing the information described in Table A, with intent to comply with, further or support an unsanctioned foreign boycott, is an activity prohibited by Section 760.2(d) of the Regulations, and not excepted. We therefore charge you with three violations of Section 760.2(d).

Charges 4 - 6 (15 C.F.R. § 760.5 - Failing to Report the Receipt of a Request to Engage in a Restrictive Trade Practice or Foreign Boycott Against a Country Friendly to the United States)

In connection with the activities referred to above, on three occasions, you received a request to take an action which would have the effect of furthering or supporting a restrictive trade practice or unsanctioned foreign boycott, as described in Table B, which is attached and incorporated herein by this reference. Section 760.5 of the Regulations requires United States persons to report to the Department their receipts of such requests. You failed to report to the Department your receipts of these requests.

By failing to report your receipts of these requests, as directed by Section 760.5 of the Regulations, you are in violation of Section 760.5. We therefore charge you with three violations of Section 760.5 of the Regulations.

Accordingly, administrative proceedings are instituted against you pursuant to Part 766 of the Regulations for the purpose of obtaining an Order imposing administrative sanctions.³

You are entitled to a hearing on the record as provided in Section 766.6 of the Regulations. If you wish to have a hearing on the record, you must file a written demand for it with your answer. You are entitled to be represented by counsel, and under Section 766.18 of the Regulations, to seek a settlement agreement.

If you fail to answer the allegations contained in this letter within thirty (30) days after service as provided in Section 766.6, such failure will be treated as a default under Section 766.7

As provided in Section 766.3. I am referring this matter to the Administrative Law Judge. Pursuant to an Interagency Agreement between BIS and the U.S. Coast Guard, the U.S. Coast Guard is providing administrative law judge services, to the extent that such services are required under the Regulations, in connection with the matters set forth in this letter. Therefore, in accordance with the instructions in Section 766.5(a) of the Regulations, your answer should be filed with:

U.S. Coast Guard ALJ Docketing Center 40 South Gay Street Baltimore, Maryland 21202-4022

Attention: Administrative Law Judge

Also, in accordance with the instructions in Section 766.5(b) of the Regulations, a copy of your answer should also be served on the Bureau of Industry and Security at:

Administrative sanctions may include any or all the following:

a. A civil penalty of \$11,000 per violation (see § 764.3(a)(1) of the Regulations and 15 C.F.R. § 6.4(a)(4)(2004));

b. Denial of export privileges (see § 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations); and/or

c. Exclusion from practice before BIS (see § 764.3(a)(3) of the Regulations).

Office of the Chief Counsel for Industry and Security Room H-3839 Bureau of Industry and Security U.S. Department of Commerce 14th Street & Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20230

Sincerely.

Edward O Weant, III Acting Director Office of Antiboycott Compliance

TABLE A

Schedule of Alleged Violations of Section 760.2(d) Furnishing Prohibited Business Information

BNP Paribas (New York Branch) Case No. <u>05-21</u>

Item	Item Document Furnished On or About	On or About	L/C Reference	Information Furnished
	Bill of Lading	11.21.01	E 730907 BNP Paribas (Dubai)	"THIS IS TO EVIDENCE THAT THE CARRYING VESSEL IS ALLOWED TO ENTER U.A.E. PORTS."
C1	Carrier (Carrying) Agent's Certificate	04.11.02	E 733827 BNP Paribas (Bahrain)	"WE CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE NAMED SHIP IS NOT PROHIBITED FROM ENTERING BAHRAIN PORTS FOR ANY REASON IN ACCORDANCE WITH BAHRAIN RULES AND REGULATIONS."
w	Bill of Lading	05.15.02	E 734365 BNP Paribas (Dubai)	"THE CARRYING VESSEL IS ALLOWED TO ENTER U.A.E. PORTS"

TABLE B

Schedule of Alleged Violations of Section 760.5 Failure to Report Receipts of Boycott Requests

BNP Paribas (New York Branch) Case No. <u>05-21</u>

Item	Letter of Credit	Date Request Received	Boycotting Country	Boycott Request
	E 732385 issued by BNP Paribas (Bahrain)	11.28.01	Bahrain	Documents required 2SIGNED CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY CARRYING VESSEL'S OWNERS, MASTER OR AGENTS CERTIFYING THAT THE SHIP IS NOT PROHIBITED FROM ENTERING BAHRAIN PORTS FOR ANY REASON IN ACCORDANCE WITH BAHRAIN RULES AND REGULATIONS.
C1	E 733827 issued by BNP Paribas (Bahrain)	03.05.02	Bahrain	Documents required 2SIGNED CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY CARRYING VESSEL'S OWNERS, MASTER OR AGENTS CERTIFYING THAT THE SHIP IS NOT PROHIBITED FROM ENTERING BAHRAIN PORTS FOR ANY REASON IN ACCORDANCE WITH BAHRAIN RULES AND REGULATIONS.
co.	E 734586 issued by BNP Paribas (Bahrain)	04.18.02	Bahrain	Documents required 2SIGNED CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY CARRYING VESSEL'S OWNERS, MASTER OR AGENTS CERTIFYING THAT THE SHIP IS NOT PROHIBITED FROM ENTERING BAHRAIN PORTS FOR ANY REASON IN ACCORDANCE WITH BAHRAIN RULES AND REGULATIONS.